



2 Supplemental Figure 1. (A) Final lean mass and (B) muscle weights (TA = tibialis anterior, VL

3 = vastus lateralis, GAS = gastrocnemius, SOL = soleus). (C) Cumulative food intake. Data are

4 means±s.e.m (n= 9-10/group). Data were analysed using one-way ANOVA for A and B and

- 6
- 7

A







11

8







12

- 13 Supplemental Figure 3. (A-D) Bar graphs showing grouped taxonomic profiles of the gut
- 14 bacteria at a phylum level: (A,B) relative and absolute abundance in the cecum, before and
- 15 at the end of the treatment; (C,D) relative and absolute abundance in the feces, at the end
- 16 of the treatment. (n= 9-10/group).
- 17

Functional Annotation Clustering

		HFD	vs CT		
			V DOWNREGULATED		
Annotation Cluster	Enrichment Score	Term	Annotation Cluster	Enrichment Score	Term
		Proteolysis			Carbon metabolism
1	9,4	Protease Peptidase activity	1	4.7	Biosynthesis of amino acids 2-Oxocarboxylic acid metabolism
1		Hydrolase			Extracellular region
2	5.8	Hydrolase activity	2	3.7	Secreted
		Disulfide bond			Signal
		Extracellular region			Disulfide bond
	5.1	Metallopeptidase activity			Glycoprotein
	3.8	Aminopeptidase			Metabolic pathways
		Peptidase S1	3	2.3	Tricarboxylic acid cycle
		Protein digestion and absorption			Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism
		Serine-type peptidase activity			Mitochondrion
		Activation peptide			Giver and dicarboxylate metabolism
4		Charge relay system			Lipid metabolic process
		Serine-type endopeptidase activity			Lipid catabolic process
		Serine protease	5	2.3	Hydrolase
		Peptidase S1A, chymotrypsin-type			Hydrolase activity
	3.5	Zymogen Metalloprotease	6	1.9	NAD binding Oxidoreductase activity
		Metallopeptidase activity			Oxidoreductase
E		Zinc ion binding			Proton acceptor
5		Metal ion binding			Mitochondrion
		Metal-binding			Calcium
		Zinc CUB 1	7		Metal ion binding Metal-binding
6	20	CUB 2			Wetanonung
6	2.8	CUB domain			
	2.6	ZP	-		
7		Zymogen granule membrane			
		Zona pellucida domain Cutoplasmic veside			
		HFD+2'F	L vs HFD		
					DOWNREGULATED
nnotation	Enrichment	Term	Annotation	Enrichment	Term
Cluster	Score 4.8	Extracellular space	Cluster	Score	Protosra
		Extracellular region			Proteolysis
1		Secreted			Peptidase activity
		Disulfide bond		4.0	Aminopeptidase Aminopeptidase activity
		Carbon metabolism			Hydrolase
	3.4	Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis Biosynthesis of amino acids	1		Metalloprotease Metallopeptidase activity
2		Canonical glycolysis			Peptide catabolic process
		Glycolysis Glycolytic process			Hydrolase activity Zinc ion binding
		Hydroxylation			Metal ion binding
	2.3	Oxidoreductase activity		2.9	Metal-binding
3		Oxidoreductase			Zinc CUB 1
5		Proton acceptor	2		CUB 2
		NAD	-		CUB domain
4		Lipid metabolic process			ZP
		Lipid catabolic process	-	26	Zymogen granule membrane
		Catalytic activity	3	2.6	zona pellucida domain ZP
		ADP binding			Cytoplasmic vesicle
		Membrane raft Nucleotide binding	4	2.4	Extracellular space Extracellular region
	1.7	Methylation	4	2.4	Secreted
		ATP binding			Cadherin 4
5		Prosphorylation Kinase activity			Cadherin 3 Cadherin 1
		Kinase		2.1	Cadherin 2
		Transferase activity			Cadherin
		ATP-binding	5		Cadherin conserved site
		Nucleotide-binding			Cadherin
_		Nucleus			Cadherin-like Homonhilic cell adhesion
6	1.7	Acetylation			CA
		Cytoplasm			Cell adhesion
7	1.6	Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis Glycyl lysine isopeptide (Lys-Gly)		1.9	Integral component of plasma membrane Protein digestion and absorption
		Isopeptide bond			Peptidase S1
		Ubl conjugation			Peptidase S1, trypsin family, active site
8	1.6	Antimicrobial Inflammatory response	6		reptidase SIA, chymotrypsin-type Trypsin-like cysteine/serine peptidase don
		Mitochondrion			Pancreatic secretion
9	1.3	Transit peptide			Serine-type peptidase activity
		Mitochondrial matrix Mitochondrial inner membrane			Trvp SPc
					Serine-type endopeptidase activity

18

Supplemental Figure 4. Functional annotation clustering performed with DAVID, showing annotation clustering, enrichment scores and terms significantly up/down-regulated by HFD and HFD+2'FL in mice. Only annotation clusters with enrichment scores ≥ 1.3 (corresponding to P-values <0.05) are shown. Terms that changed in an opposite way in HFD-fed mice compared to HFD+2'FL mice are highlighted in bold and red/blue.

Functional	Annotation	Clustering

Obese vs Normal subjects							
Annotation Cluster	Enrichment Score	Term					
1 3.0		carboxypeptidase activity ACT_SITE:Proton donor/acceptor proteolysis Metalloprotease Carboxypeptidase Protease zinc ion binding Metal-binding Zinc					
2	2 2.6 anchored component of membrane GPI-anchor LIPID:GPI-anchor amidated serine PROPEP:Removed in mature form Lipoprotein						
3	2.6	DOMAIN:P-type 1 DOMAIN:P-type 2 alpha-1,4-glucosidase activity Starch and sucrose metabolism Glycoside hydrolase, family 31 P-type trefoil PD Galactose mutarotase-like domain Glycosidase Glycosyl hydrolase, family 13, all-beta hydrolase activity, hydrolyzing O-glycosyl compounds Galactose metabolism Glycoside hydrolase, superfamily Carbohydrate digestion and absorption Sulfation Metabolic pathways Signal-anchor carbohydrate binding apical plasma membrane Helical; Signal-anchor for type II membrane protein Lumenal Cytoplasmic integral component of membrane Repeat Helical Extracellular Transmembrane helix Transmembrane					
4	2.5	proteolysis Activation peptide Protease Pancreatic secretion Protein digestion and absorption Zymogen					
5	1.9	N-linked (GlcNAc) asparagine Glycoprotein Cell membrane membrane plasma membrane Membrane					

24

Supplemental Figure 5. Functional annotation clustering performed with DAVID, showing
 annotation clustering, enrichment scores and terms significantly upregulated in obese human
 subjects compared to normal ones. Only annotation clusters with enrichment scores ≥ 1.3
 (corresponding to P-values <0.05) are shown. Terms that are similar to those enriched in HFD-
 fed mice are in red and some of the terms related to metabolism are highlighted in light red.



- 30
- 31

Supplemental Figure 6. Short-chain fatty acids (SCFAs) content in the cecal content. (A)
acetate, (B) propionate, (C) isobutyrate, (D) butyrate, (E) 2-methylbutyrate, (F) isovalerate,
(G) valerate. Data are means±s.e.m (n= 11-12/group). Data were analysed using one-way
ANOVA followed by Tukey post hoc test. *P < 0.05; **P < 0.01; ***P < 0.001; ****P < 0.0001.

A



37



- 39 labeling (JJB38
- 40 1) and (B) 0.5 μM for alpha-D-galactosidase (TB474) and their relative Coomassie Brilliant
- 41 Blue (CBB) staining (n=9-10/group).